







Bird Monitoring & Reduction of Collision Risk with Wind Turbines

**DTBIRD® SYSTEM** 

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# Bird Monitoring & Reduction of Collision Risk with Wind Turbines

DTBird® is a self-working system that monitors bird activity in real-time, and detects any bird Species in daylight during the whole year.

DTBird® System can be installed in Wind Turbines (WTGs), Meterological Towers and Buildings (On & Offshore).

In operating Wind Farms, DTBird® System includes specific modules that take automatic actions to reduce the collision risk of birds with the WTGs: DTBird® Collision Avoidance Module, and DTBird® Stop Control Module. In addition, DTBird® Collision Control registers bird collisions.

Overall **Bird Collision Probability** in WTGs installed with DTBird® Collision Avoidance and/or Stop Control Modules is <0.1 % (<1 collision\*/ 10,000 birds detected at <300 m to the WTG), with <0.05 collisions\*/WTG/Year.

\* Collisions monitored by DTBird® Collision Control Module.



#### DTBird® has 4 modules available for birds:

## Detection

Automatic and real-time detection of birds by high resolution image analysis.

## Collision Control

Video and audio recording of high collision risk flights, including bird collisions (with the blades, tower and nacelle), and injured birds that fly away.

### Collision Avoidance

Emission of Warning and Discouraging Sounds adjusted to bird collision risk and legal requirements.

## Stop Control

Automatic wind turbine stop trigger and restart, according to real-time collision risk of bird flights detected.

Videos of every bird flight, environmental data, wind turbine operation parameters and DTBird® actions are recorded and uploaded daily to an online Data Analysis Platform (DAP), available to the Client through the Internet. The DAP also provides Automatic Service reports that summarize: service profiles, bird flights, DTBird® actions, and bird collisions detected.

The first installation of DTBird® in a WTG was set up in March 2009 in Spain. DTBird® is currently installed in France, Greece, Italy, Poland, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Norway and the USA, in On & Offshore projects.





## Detection Module

#### Features

- Installation sites: WTGs, Meteorological Towers and Buildings (On & Offshore).
- Detection sensors: 4 to 8 HD Cameras per WTG.
- **Surveillance area**: 360° around the installation site.
- Detection distance:

| BIRD WINGSPAN | SET UP RANGE |
|---------------|--------------|
| > 150 cm      | 150 - 600 m  |
| 75 - 150 cm   | 75 - 350 m   |
| < 75 cm       | 25 - 175 m   |

- Daily service period: Continuous monitoring during daylight (light > 50 lux).
- **▶ Bird Detectability**: > 80 %.\*\*
- False Positives(FP)/day (videos with no bird): 0.5 - 4.5 (yearly average).

#### **Observations:**

- \* Environmental variables include, at least: temperature, rain, wind speed, wind direction and light.
- \*\* DTBird® detectability reported by the *Norwegian* Institute for Nature Research (NINA) in December 2012 for all bird species, in an area where the most frequent species are eagles, was 86 - 96% of all birds in a radius of 150 m to the WTG and 76 - 92% in a radius of 300 m. DTBird® detectability has been improved since 2012, and detection distances have increased to the present figures in the table.

#### Recorded Data

- Video and sound recordings of every flight.
- Flight time data: Init time and total length.
- Environmental data\*, and WTG operation parameters.
- Species/group and bird behaviour review from video recordings.



# Collision Avoidance Module

#### Features

- : Installation sites: WTGs.
- Dissuasion units: 4 to 8 Speakers per WTG.
- Sound features:
  - Warning Sounds to bird flights with Potential Collision Risk.
  - Discouraging Sounds to bird flights in High Collision Risk Area/Rotor Swept Area.
  - Trigger in real time: < 2 s after flight detection in collision risk.
  - Power adjusted to legal requirements and bird sensitivity.
  - Sound emission projected to the Rotor Swept Area.
- FP/day (sound triggers with no bird): 0.2 - 2.9 per day with a duration of 0.1 - 1.5 min/day (yearly average).

#### **Observations:**

The Collision Avoidance Module can reduce the number and length of flights within the collision risk area around a WTG. This results in the reduction of the number and length of WTG Stops, which are triggered by the Stop Control Module.

#### Recorded Data

- Warning/Discouraging Sounds time data: Init time and total length.
- Video and sound recordings of bird flights and Warning/Discouraging Sounds.



DTBird® Collision Avoidance Module installed in France. View of 3 of the 4 Speakers.



# Stop Control Module

#### Features

- Interface with WTG: DTBird® system hardware and software compatible with all WTG manufacturers.
- Automatic Stop trigger: Linked to real-time flight detection at the collision risk distance.
- : Collision risk distance: Configured according to WTG complete rotor Stop time and Target Species flight features in the installation site.
- Complete rotor Stop: 20 to 40 s after Stop trigger, depending on WTG model.
- : Stop length: Linked to real-time flight detection in collision risk.
- Automatic restart of the WTG when the collision risk disappears.
- Automatic email notification of every Stop: Trigger time (first email), end time and duration (second email).
- Stop adjustment to legal requirements.
- FP Stops/year (stops with no bird): 0.5 - 5 hours/year.

#### Recorded Data

- Stop time data: Init time, end time and total length.
- Video recordings of bird flight and the whole Stop.



DTBird® installation in Switzerland.

#### **Observations:**

Currently, automatic WTGs stops duration of all DTBird® Systems operating worldwide vary from 2 to 20.5 hours/WTG/Year, with an average below 8 hours/WTG/Year (including the time needed for the reactivation of the WTG).



# Collision Control Module

#### Features

- : Installation sites: WTGs and Meteorological Towers.
- Detection sensors: 2 to 4 HD Cameras.
- Daily service period: Continuous monitoring during daylight (light > 50 lux).
- **Surveillance area**: The whole rotor swept area.
- Register of potential collisions in > 98% of flights detected (360° bird monitoring around the rotor swept area).

#### Observations:

Currently, the capability to register potential collisions in flights detected, for all bird species, in all DTBird® Systems operating worldwide, vary from 98 to 100%.

#### Recorded Data

- Collision check from video and sound recordings, including birds potentially injured that fly away.
- Video and sound recordings of bird collisions.
- Optional continuous Day & Night recording (light > 0.05 lux).



DTBird® video image with a White-Tailed Eagle in collision risk.







# DTBird® System: a world wide reference for bird protection at wind farms

DTBird® features are being demanded by Environmental Agencies in an increasing number of countries, including: France, Greece, Poland and Spain.



58 DTBird® units are installed in 16 wind farms distributed in 9 countries:

France

Norway

Sweder

Greece

Poland

Switzerland

Italv

Spain

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12 DTBird® additional units will be installed this year in France and Germany.

2 DTBat® units are installed in Poland and Switzerland.

